THE STEPS OF A WATERMAIN REPAIR

The entire repair process can take up to 21 days depending on outside factors like other watermain breaks, errors in the sampling, unknown underground conditions etc.

| 0 | REPAIR LOCATION | Call from residents or other party. Running surface water on the street, sinkhole, service disruption or pressure changes are signs of a watermain break. Once reported, the leak location is identified. |
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| 2 | DWA NOTICE HAND DELIVERED | Crews hand deliver Drinking Water Advisory (DWA) notices to affected residences advising that all water to be consumed be brought to a rolling boil for one minute. |
| 3 | UTILITIES LOCATED | Underground utilities are located. Gas, sewer, electric and telecommunication utilities etc. |
| 4 | PIPE EXCAVATED & REPAIRED | 8-15ft of asphalt, dirt, gravel and other materials must be excavated and during winter up to 8ft of frost may be present. |
| 6 | WATER TURNED ON | Once repaired, water is turned on to all affected properties (usually within 24 hours from the time the leak is identified). |
| 6 | FLUSH, PRESSURIZE AND TEST PIPE | Fill pipe with chlorinated water to disinfect, pressurize the main to test repair and flush pipe through hydrant to the street. At this time low water pressure or discoulored water can be experienced by properties in the area. |
| 7 | WATER QUALITY TESTED | Two sets of water samples are sent to a certified lab for testing to confirm the safety of the water (Can take approximately 7-19 days). |
| 8 | RESCIND NOTICE HAND DELIVERED | Crews hand deliver rescind notices to affected residences to inform them they can stop boiling their water. |



